

# **ENGROSSED** SENATE BILL No. 157

DIGEST OF SB 157 (Updated February 11, 2008 2:52 pm - DI 77)

**Citations Affected:** IC 12-7; IC 12-23; IC 12-31; IC 16-18; IC 16-21; noncode.

Synopsis: Health programs. Changes the term "methadone treatment" to "opioid treatment" for purposes of the law concerning certification of opiate addiction treatment facilities. Requires the division of mental health and addiction to adopt rules on: (1) standards for operation of an opioid treatment program; (2) a requirement that the opioid treatment facilities submit a current diversion control plan; (3) fees to be paid by an opioid treatment facility; and (4) a required statement that provides that that the patient will be driven by another person from the facility. Requires an opioid treatment program to: (1) periodically and randomly test a patient for the use of specified drugs and to include the drug testing procedure in the opioid treatment program's diversion control (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2008.

## Miller, Sipes

(HOUSE SPONSORS — STEMLER, BUELL, GOODIN, BROWN C)

January 8, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider Services.

January 24, 2008, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
January 28, 2008, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.
January 29, 2008, read third time, passed. Yeas 48, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION

January 30, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.

February 21, 2008, amended, reported — Do Pass.



## Digest Continued

plan; and (2) terminate the patient's treatment at the facility within 14 days if the drug test is positive for an illegal drug other than the drug being used for the patient's treatment. Specifies violations and penalties. Requires the office of the secretary of family and social services to form a nonprofit corporation to establish and operate an umbilical cord blood bank. Requires suitable postnatal donations to be available for medical treatments and scientific research. Requires the nonprofit corporation to develop a process for physicians, nurse midwives, and participating hospitals to inform pregnant patients of the option to make postnatal donations following delivery of a newborn infant. Requires the nonprofit corporation to establish an umbilical cord blood donation initiative to promote public awareness concerning the medical benefits of umbilical cord blood. Repeals the expiration of current law requiring a methadone diversion control and oversight program. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the health finance commission.)





Second Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2008)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2007 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 157

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 12-7-2-118.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 118.3. "Initiative", for purposes of IC 12-31-2, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-2-1.** 

SECTION 2. IC 12-7-2-132.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 132.5.** "Nonprofit corporation", for purposes of IC 12-31, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-1.

SECTION 3. IC 12-7-2-135.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 135.6. "Opioid treatment program" means a program through which opioid agonist medication is dispensed to an individual in the treatment of opiate addiction and for which certification is required under 42 CFR Part 8.

SECTION 4. IC 12-7-2-142.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

ES 157-LS 6402/DI 97+



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1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 142.7. "Postnatal donation", for
2	purposes of IC 12-31, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-2.
3	SECTION 5. IC 12-23-18-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
4	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 0.5. (a) An opioid treatment
6	program shall not operate in Indiana unless:
7	(1) the opioid treatment program is specifically approved and
8	the opiate treatment facility is certified by the division; and
9	(2) the opioid treatment program is in compliance with state
10	and federal law.
11	(b) Separate specific approval and certification under this
12	chapter is required for each location at which an opioid treatment
13	program is operated.
14	SECTION 6. IC 12-23-18-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. (a) Subject to federal
16	law and consistent with standard medical practice in methadone opioid
17	treatment of drug abuse, the division shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2
18	to establish and administer a methadone an opioid treatment diversion
19	control and oversight program to identify individuals who divert
20	controlled substances opioid treatment medications from legitimate
21	treatment use and to terminate the methadone opioid treatment of those
22	individuals.
23	(b) Rules adopted under subsection (a) must include provisions
24	relating to the following matters concerning methadone providers
25	opioid treatment programs and individuals patients who receive
26	opioid treatment:
27	(1) Regular clinic attendance by the patient.
28	(2) Specific counseling requirements for the methadone provider
29	opioid treatment program.
30	(3) Serious behavior problems of the patient.
31	(4) Stable home environment of the patient.
32	(5) Safe storage capacity of opioid treatment medications within
33	the patient's home.
34	(6) Medically recognized testing protocols to determine legitimate
35	opioid treatment medication use.
36	(7) The methadone provider's opioid treatment program's
37	medical director and administrative staff responsibilities for
38	preparing and implementing a diversion control plan.
39	SECTION 7. IC 12-23-18-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2. (a) Not later than
41	February 28 of each year, each methadone provider opioid treatment

program must submit to the division a diversion control plan required



1	under that:
2	(1) meets the requirements of section $\frac{1(b)(7)}{1}$ of this chapter;
3	and
4	(2) includes in the opioid treatment program's diversion
5	control plan the program's drug testing procedure for testing
6	a patient during the patient's treatment by the program as
7	required by section 2.5 of this chapter.
8	(b) Not later than May 1 of each year, the division shall review and
9	approve plans a plan submitted under subsection (a).
.0	(c) If the division denies a plan submitted under subsection (a), the
1	methadone provider opioid treatment program must submit another
2	plan not later than sixty (60) days after the denial of the plan.
3	SECTION 8. IC 12-23-18-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
4	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2.5. (a) An opioid treatment
6	program must periodically and randomly test a patient for the
7	following during the patient's treatment by the program:
8	(1) Methadone.
9	(2) Cocaine.
20	(3) Opiates.
2.1	(4) Amphetamines.
22	(5) Barbiturates.
23	(6) Tetrahydrocannabinol.
24	(7) Benzodiazepines.
25	(8) Any other drug that has been determined to be abused in
26	the program's locality or any other drug that may have been
27	abused by the patient.
28	(b) If a patient tests positive under a test described in subsection
29	(a) for:
50	(1) a controlled substance other than a drug for which the
31	patient has a prescription or that is part of the patient's
32	treatment plan at the opioid treatment program; or
33	(2) an illegal drug other than the drug that is part of the
34	patient's treatment plan at the opioid treatment program;
55	the opioid treatment program must administer an administrative
56 57	medical detoxification program not to exceed fourteen (14) days.  SECTION 9. IC 12-23-18-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8 19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) By May 15 of
	each year, each methadone provider opioid treatment program shall submit to the division a fee of: that is:
∤0 ∤1	(1) twenty dollars (\$20) for each nonresident; patient an amount
12	established by the division by rule under IC 4-22-2;
r <i>_</i>	established by the division by full under 10 4-22-2,



1	(2) not more than necessary to recover the costs of
2	administering this chapter; and
3	(3) not more than seventy-five dollars (\$75) for each opioid
4	treatment program patient who was treated by the methadone
5	provider opioid treatment program during the preceding
6	<del>calender</del> calendar year.
7	(b) The fee collected under subsection (a) shall be deposited in the
8	methadone diversion control and oversight program fund. established
9	under section 4 of this chapter.
10	SECTION 10. IC 12-23-18-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) As used in this
12	section, "fund" means the methadone opioid treatment diversion
13	control and oversight program fund established under subsection (b).
14	(b) The methadone opioid treatment diversion control and
15	oversight program fund is established to administer and carry out the
16	purposes of implement this chapter. The fund shall be administered by
17	the division.
18	(c) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from
19	money in the fund.
20	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest money in the fund in the same
21	manner as other public money may be invested.
22	(e) Money in the fund at the end of the state fiscal year does not
23	revert to the state general fund.
24	SECTION 11. IC 12-23-18-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. (a) The division
26	shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish the following:
27	(1) Standards for operation of an opioid treatment program
28	in Indiana, including the following requirements:
29	(A) An opioid treatment program shall obtain prior
30	authorization from the division for any patient receiving
31	more than fourteen (14) days of opioid treatment
32	medications at one (1) time.
33	(B) Minimum requirements for a licensed physician's
34	regular:
35	(i) physical presence in the opioid treatment facility; and
36	(ii) physical evaluation and progress evaluation of each
37	opioid treatment program patient.
38	(C) Minimum staffing requirements by licensed and
39	unlicensed personnel.
40	(D) Clinical standards for the appropriate tapering of a
41	patient on and off of an opioid treatment medication.
42	(E) A statement to be used by opioid treatment facilities



1	that:
2	(i) acknowledges that the patient will be driven from the
3	facility by another responsible person after receiving
4	opioid treatment medications; and
5	(ii) is signed by the patient and person who will drive the
6	patient at the time the patient arrives to receive opioid
7	treatment medications.
8	(2) A requirement that, not later than February 28 of each
9	year, a current diversion control plan that meets the
10	requirements of 21 CFR Part 291 and 42 CFR Part 8 be
11	submitted for each opioid treatment facility.
12	(3) Fees to be paid by an opioid treatment program for
13	deposit in the fund for annual certification under this chapter
14	as described in section 3 of this chapter.
15	The fees established under this subsection must be sufficient to pay
16	the cost of implementing this chapter.
17	(b) The division shall conduct an annual onsite visit of each
18	methadone provider opioid treatment program facility to assess
19	compliance with the plan approved under this chapter.
20	SECTION 12. IC 12-23-18-5.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.210-2007,
21	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5.5. (a) The division may not grant specific
23	approval to be a new opioid treatment program. This section does not
24	apply to applications for new opioid treatment programs pending prior
25	to March 1, 2007.
26	(b) This section expires December 31, 2008.
27	SECTION 13. IC 12-23-18-5.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
28	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5.6. (a) The division shall
30	establish a central registry to maintain information concerning
31	each patient served by an opioid treatment program.
32	(b) An opioid treatment program shall, at least monthly, provide
33	to the division information required by the division concerning
34	patients currently served by the opioid treatment program.
35	(c) Information that could be used to identify an opioid
36	treatment program patient and that is:
37	(1) contained in; or
38	(2) provided to the division and related to;
39	the central registry is confidential.
40	SECTION 14. IC 12-23-18-5.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
41	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
42	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5.7. (a) The division shall, as part



1	of the biennial report required under IC 12-21-5-1.5(8), prepare
2	and submit to the legislative council in an electronic format under
3	IC 5-14-6, the state department of health, and to the governor a
4	report concerning treatment offered by opioid treatment
5	programs. The report must contain the following information for
6	each of the two (2) previous calendar years:
7	(1) The number of opioid treatment programs in Indiana.
8	(2) The number of patients receiving opioid treatment in
9	Indiana.
10	(3) The length of time each patient received opioid treatment
11	and the average length of time all patients received opioid
12	treatment.
13	(4) The cost of each patient's opioid treatment and the
14	average cost of opioid treatment.
15	(5) The number of patients who were determined to be no
16	longer in need of services and are no longer receiving opioid
17	treatment.
18	(6) The number of individuals, by geographic area, who are
19	on a waiting list to receive opioid treatment.
20	(7) The patient information reported to the central registry
21	established under section 5.6 of this chapter.
22	(8) Any other information that the division determines to be
23	relevant to the success of a quality opioid treatment program.
24	(b) Each opioid treatment program in Indiana shall provide
25	information requested by the division for the report required by
26	this section.
27	(c) Failure of an opioid treatment program to submit the
28	information required under subsection (a) may result in suspension
29	or termination of the opioid treatment program's specific approval
30	to operate as an opioid treatment program or the opioid treatment
31	facility's certification.
32	(d) Information that could be used to identify an opioid
33	treatment program patient and that is:
34	(1) contained in; or
35	(2) provided to the division related to;
36	the report required by this section is confidential.
37	SECTION 15. IC 12-23-18-5.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
38	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5.8. (a) The director of the
40	division may take any of the following actions based on any
41	grounds described in subsection (b):



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(1) Issue a letter of correction.

1	(2) Reinspect the opioid treatment program facility.
2	(3) Deny renewal of, or revoke, any of the following:
3	(A) Specific approval to operate as an opioid treatment
4	program.
5	(B) Certification of the opioid treatment facility.
6	(4) Impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten
7	thousand dollars (\$10,000).
8	(b) The director of the division may take action under
9	subsection (a) based on any of the following grounds:
10	(1) Violation of this chapter or rules adopted under this
11	chapter.
12	(2) Permitting, aiding, or abetting the commission of any
13	illegal act in an opioid treatment program facility.
14	(3) Conduct or practice found by the director to be
15	detrimental to the welfare of an opioid treatment program
16	patient.
17	(c) IC 4-21.5 applies to an action under this section.
18	SECTION 16. IC 12-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
19	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
20	2008]:
21	ARTICLE 31. UMBILICAL CORD BLOOD
22	Chapter 1. Public Umbilical Cord Blood Bank
23	Sec. 1. As used in this article, "nonprofit corporation" refers to
24	the Indiana nonprofit corporation formed by the office of the
25	secretary under section 3 of this chapter to establish and operate
26	a public umbilical cord blood bank.
27 28	Sec. 2. As used in this article, "postnatal donation" means any
28 29	of the following donations by a patient to the public umbilical cord blood bank:
29 30	(1) Postnatal fluid, including umbilical cord blood.
31	(2) Postnatal tissue, including the placenta and tissue
32	extracted from an umbilical cord.
33	Sec. 3. (a) The office of the secretary shall form a nonprofit
34	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public
35	umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise
36	other essential governmental functions.
37	(b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2
38	concerning the protection of individual identifiable health
39	information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord
40	blood bank.
41	Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation



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consists of the following:

1	(1) The state health commissioner or the commissioner's
2	designee.
3	(2) The secretary or the secretary's designee.
4	(3) The secretary of commerce appointed under IC 5-28-3-4
5	or the secretary's designee.
6	(4) The director of the state department of health's office of
7	minority health.
8	(5) The following individuals appointed by the governor:
9	(A) One (1) president or chief executive officer of an
10	Indiana based hospital.
11	(B) One (1) research scientist with expertise in umbilical
12	cord blood research.
13	(C) One (1) ethicist with expertise in bioethics.
14	(D) One (1) physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 who
15	specializes in birthing and delivery.
16	(E) One (1) representative of a donor umbilical cord blood
17	bank facility.
18	(F) One (1) member of the interagency state council on
19	black and minority health established under IC 16-46-6.
20	(b) The board of directors shall appoint an advisory board. At
21	least fifty-one percent (51%) of the advisory board members must
22	be research scientists with expertise in stem cell research.
23	(c) The advisory board, using criteria established by the board
24	of directors, is responsible for reviewing applications from
25	research scientists, research institutions, and other persons
26	interested in receiving a postnatal donation that is ineligible for
27	transplant use from the public umbilical cord blood bank.
28	(d) The board of directors may contract with a person to
29	perform the management and administrative operations of the
30	public umbilical cord blood bank. The person shall follow the
31	federal Food and Drug Administration's current good tissue
32	practices.
33	(e) Subject to approval by the budget agency, the board of
34	directors may, without the approval of the attorney general,
35	employ legal counsel, technical experts, and other officers, agents,
36	and employees that the board of directors considers necessary to
37	carry out the efficient operation of a public umbilical cord blood
38	bank.
39	(f) The board of directors shall determine the terms and
40	conditions of the participating agreement that is executed with
41	each participating hospital.

Sec. 5. The nonprofit corporation shall do the following:



1	(1) Establish procedures and guidelines for collecting,	
2	maintaining, and receiving postnatal donations.	
3	(2) Educate health care professionals about the procedures	
4	and requirements for collecting and maintaining postnatal	
5	donations following the birth of a newborn infant.	
6	(3) Establish procedures concerning patient informed consent	
7	and privacy that are approved by an independent institutional	
8	review board selected by the board of directors.	
9	Sec. 6. (a) The nonprofit corporation shall accept postnatal	
10	donations at no charge or cost to the donor.	
11	(b) The nonprofit corporation may allow the following to use the	
12	postnatal donations:	
13	(1) Transplant centers.	
14	(2) Research centers approved by the nonprofit corporation	
15	that will use the postnatal donation to promote medical	
16	advances, life science research, or biotechnology research.	
17	(3) Any other entity approved by the nonprofit corporation if	
18	the entity will use the postnatal donation to promote medical	
19	advances, life science research, or biotechnology research.	
20	(c) Any postnatal donations maintained by the public umbilical	
21	cord blood bank must be allocated as follows:	
22	(1) Postnatal donations that are of transplantable quality	
23	according to the National Marrow Donor Program, the	
24	federal Food and Drug Administration's approved protocol,	
25	or other relevant national practice and quality standards	
26	must be allocated for medical transplants.	
27	(2) Postnatal donations that do not meet the transplant quality	
28	standards referred to in subdivision (1) and that are suitable	
29	for research must be made available for scientific research or	
30	medical treatments that comply with relevant national	
31	practice and quality standards.	
32	(d) The nonprofit corporation shall acquire and maintain	
33	adequate liability insurance coverage.	
34	Sec. 7. The nonprofit corporation may maintain postnatal	
35	donations at no charge or cost to the donor.	
36	Sec. 8. The nonprofit corporation may award a grant to a	
37	person for work with postnatal donations.	
38	Sec. 9. The nonprofit corporation shall report annually to the	
39	health finance commission established by IC 2-5-23-3 concerning	
40	the following:	
41	(1) The implementation of the umbilical cord blood bank.	

(2) The number of postnatal donations used for transplants



1	and the number of postnatal donations used for research.	
2	Chapter 2. Umbilical Cord Blood Donation Initiative	
3	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "initiative" refers to the	
4	umbilical cord blood donation initiative established under section	
5	2 of this chapter.	
6	Sec. 2. The nonprofit corporation shall establish an umbilical	
7	cord blood donation initiative to promote public awareness	
8	concerning the following:	
9	(1) A pregnant woman's option to make a postnatal donation	
10	upon the birth of a newborn infant.	
11	(2) The medical benefits of postnatal tissue and postnatal	
12	fluids.	
13	(3) The importance of donating umbilical cord blood to the	
14	public umbilical cord blood bank.	
15	Sec. 3. The nonprofit corporation may accept a grant from the	
16	federal government, money from the state government, and private	
17	contributions to establish and implement the initiative.	(
18	Sec. 4. (a) The initiative must include the dissemination of	
19	written material that includes the following:	
20	(1) Information concerning the option that is available to a	
21	pregnant woman to make a postnatal donation upon the birth	
22	of a newborn infant.	
23	(2) An explanation of the benefits of public umbilical cord	
24	blood banking.	l
25	(3) The benefits of umbilical cord blood in accordance with	
26	the National Marrow Donor Program or another federal Food	
27	and Drug Administration approved protocol and the use of	1
28	umbilical cord blood for medical treatment, including the	
29	following:	1
30	(A) A list of the diseases or conditions that have been	
31	treated through the use of umbilical cord blood.	
32	(B) A list of the diseases or conditions for which scientific	
33	research indicates that treatment through the use of	
34	umbilical cord blood is promising.	
35	(4) Information on the public umbilical cord blood bank.	
36	(5) Information concerning the process by which postnatal	
37	tissue and postnatal fluid are collected and the steps that a	
38	pregnant woman must take before her child is born to	
39	arrange to have the postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid	
40	collected and donated.	
41	(b) The nonprofit corporation shall:	
42	(1) update the material described in subsection (a); and	



1	(2) distribute the material to the following persons that treat
2	pregnant women:
3	(A) Physicians licensed under IC 25-22.5.
4	(B) Participating hospitals.
5	(C) Ambulatory surgical centers.
6	(D) Health clinics.
7	(E) Maternity homes registered under IC 16-26-1.
8	(F) Nurse midwives licensed under IC 25-23-1-13.1.
9	Sec. 5. The nonprofit corporation shall develop a process for
10	physicians, nurse midwives, birthing centers, and participating
11	hospitals to inform eligible candidates of the opportunity to make
12	postnatal donations to the public umbilical cord blood bank
13	following delivery of a newborn infant.
14	Sec. 6. The nonprofit corporation that establishes the initiative
15	described in this chapter must meet all the requirements and
16	responsibilities set forth in IC 23-17.
17	Sec. 7. (a) Any intellectual property developed by the nonprofit
18	corporation establishing the initiative under this chapter is the
19	property of the nonprofit corporation. A donor must consent to
20	release to the public umbilical cord blood bank any property right
21	related to the postnatal donation, including any claim of
22	intellectual property rights derived from the postnatal donation.
23	(b) The entire right, title, and interest in and to any intellectual
24	property derived from a postnatal donation transfers with the
25	postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid after the postnatal donation is
26	allocated by the public umbilical cord blood bank for research
27	purposes.
28	SECTION 17. IC 16-18-2-36.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.96-2005,
29	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 36.5. (a) "Birthing center", for purposes of
31	IC 16-21-2 and IC 16-21-7.5, means a freestanding entity that has the
32	sole purpose of delivering a normal or uncomplicated pregnancy.
33	(b) The term does not include a hospital that is licensed as a hospital
34	under IC 16-21-2.
35	SECTION 18. IC 16-21-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
36	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2008]:
38	Chapter 7.5. Hospital and Birthing Center Requirement
39	Regarding Umbilical Cord Blood Donation
40	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "postnatal donation" has the
41	meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-2.
42	Sec. 2. Before a hospital or birthing center participates in



1	collecting donations for the public umbilical cord blood bank
2	established under IC 12-31-1-3(a), the hospital or birthing center
3	shall enter into a written agreement with the public umbilical cord
4	blood bank establishing the:
5	(1) conditions of the hospital's or birthing center's
6	participation; and
7	(2) obligations of the hospital or birthing center;
8	in the umbilical cord blood donation initiative established under
9	IC 12-31-2-2.
0	Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this chapter, a
.1	participating hospital or birthing center licensed under this article
2	must offer a patient who delivers a newborn infant at the
3	participating hospital or birthing center the option of making a
4	postnatal donation following delivery of the newborn infant.
.5	(b) A patient may not be charged for the collection, storage, or
6	donation to the public umbilical cord blood bank established under
7	IC 12-31-1-3(a).
8	Sec. 4. (a) A participating hospital or birthing center is not
9	required to collect a postnatal donation if either of the following
20	applies:
21	(1) In the professional judgment of a physician licensed under
22	IC 25-22.5 or a nurse midwife licensed under IC 25-23-1-13.1,
23	the collection would threaten the health of the mother or the
24	infant.
2.5	(2) The postnatal donation is contrary to the moral principles
26	or beliefs of the religious denomination with which the
27	participating hospital or birthing center is affiliated.
28	(b) An employee of a participating hospital or birthing center is
29	not required to collect a postnatal donation if the postnatal
0	donation is contrary to the religious principles or beliefs of the
1	employee.
32	Sec. 5. A participating hospital or birthing center shall
33	cooperate with the nonprofit corporation (as defined in
34	IC 12-31-1-1) in accomplishing the public health goal of
55	maximizing postnatal donations.
66	Sec. 6. A hospital or birthing center is not required to enter into
37	an agreement with the public umbilical cord blood bank and may
8	enter into contracts concerning postnatal tissue and postnatal
19	fluids with any person.
10	SECTION 19. IC 12-23-18-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
1	1, 2008].
12	SECTION 20. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) The office of the



1	secretary of family and social services shall adopt the rules
2	required by IC 12-31-1-3(b), as added by this act, in the manner
3	provided in IC 4-22-2-37.1. The office shall immediately begin the
4	adoption of the rules and shall adopt the final rules before March
5	1, 2009.

(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2009.

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#### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Sipes be added as second author of Senate Bill 157.

**MILLER** 

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Health and Provider Services, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 157, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, line 6, delete "C.F.R." and insert "CFR Part".

Page 1, delete lines 8 through 17.

Page 2, line 5, after "program" insert "is specifically approved and the opiate treatment facility".

Page 2, delete lines 6 through 7.

Page 2, line 9, delete "(3)" and insert "(2)".

Page 2, line 11, after "Separate" insert " specific approval and".

Page 3, line 10, strike "of:" and insert "that is:".

Page 3, line 11, strike "twenty dollars (\$20) for each".

Page 3, line 11, delete "resident; and".

Page 3, line 12, delete "(2) three hundred dollars (\$300) for each".

Page 3, line 12, strike "nonresident;".

Page 3, line 13, delete "of Indiana" and insert "an amount established by the division by rule under IC 4-22-2;

- (2) not more than necessary to recover the costs of administering this chapter; and
- (3) not more than seventy-five dollars (\$75) for each opioid treatment program patient.".

Page 3, run in lines 11 through 13.

Page 3, line 20, strike "diversion".

Page 3, line 21, strike "control and oversight".

Page 3, line 22, strike "diversion control and".

Page 3, line 23, strike "oversight".

Page 4, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new line double block indented and insert:

"(D) Clinical standards for the appropriate tapering of a patient on and off of an opioid treatment medication.".

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Page 4, line 6, after "(2)" insert "A requirement that, not later than February 28 of each year, a current diversion control plan that meets the requirements of 21 CFR Part 291 and 42 CFR Part 8 be submitted for each opioid treatment facility.

(3)".

Page 4, line 7, delete "chapter." and insert "chapter as described in section 3 of this chapter.".

Page 4, line 38, after "IC 5-14-6" insert ", the state department of health,".

Page 5, delete lines 8 through 11.

Page 5, line 12, delete "(7)" and insert "(5)".

Page 5, line 12, delete "rehabilitated" and insert "determined to be no longer in need of services".

Page 5, line 14, delete "(8)" and insert "(6)".

Page 5, line 16, delete "(9)" and insert "(7)".

Page 5, between lines 17 and 18, begin a new line single block indented and insert:

"(8) Any other information that the division determines to be relevant to the success of a quality opioid treatment program.".

Page 5, line 23, after "program's" insert "specific approval to operate as an opioid treatment program or the opioid treatment facility's".

Page 5, delete lines 29 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 11. IC 12-23-18-5.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5.8. (a) The director of the division may take any of the following actions based on any grounds described in subsection (b):

- (1) Issue a letter of correction.
- (2) Reinspect the opioid treatment program facility.
- (3) Deny renewal of, or revoke, any of the following:
  - (A) Specific approval to operate as an opioid treatment program.
  - (B) Certification of the opioid treatment facility.
- (4) Impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (b) The director of the division may take action under subsection (a) based on any of the following grounds:
  - (1) Violation of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter.

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- (2) Permitting, aiding, or abetting the commission of any illegal act in an opioid treatment program facility.
- (3) Conduct or practice found by the director to be detrimental to the welfare of an opioid treatment program patient.
- (c) IC 4-21.5 applies to an action under this section.". Delete pages 6 through 8.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 157 as introduced.)

MILLER, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.

## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Health, to which was referred Senate Bill 157, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 12-7-2-118.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 118.3.** "**Initiative**", **for purposes of IC 12-31-2, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-2-1.** 

SECTION 2. IC 12-7-2-132.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 132.5. "Nonprofit corporation", for purposes of IC 12-31, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-1."

Page 1, between lines 7 and 8, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 4. IC 12-7-2-142.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 142.7.** "Postnatal donation", for purposes of IC 12-31, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-2.".

Page 2, line 31, after "that" insert ": (1)".

Page 2, line 32, delete "." and insert "; and".

Page 2, between lines 32 and 33, begin a new line block indented and insert:

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"(2) includes in the opioid treatment program's diversion control plan the program's drug testing procedure for testing a patient during the patient's treatment by the program as required by section 2.5 of this chapter."

Page 2, between lines 37 and 38, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 9. IC 12-23-18-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2.5. (a) An opioid treatment program must periodically and randomly test a patient for the following during the patient's treatment by the program:

- (1) Methadone.
- (2) Cocaine.
- (3) Opiates.
- (4) Amphetamines.
- (5) Barbiturates.
- (6) Tetrahydrocannabinol.
- (7) Benzodiazepines.
- (8) Any other drug that has been determined to be abused in the program's locality or any other drug that may have been abused by the patient.
- (b) If a patient tests positive under a test described in subsection (a) for:
  - (1) a controlled substance other than a drug for which the patient has a prescription or that is part of the patient's treatment plan at the opioid treatment program; or
- (2) an illegal drug other than the drug that is part of the patient's treatment plan at the opioid treatment program; the opioid treatment program must administer an administrative medical detoxification program not to exceed fourteen (14) days.".

Page 3, line 5, after "patient" delete ".".

Page 3, after line 42, begin a new line double block indented and insert:

- "(E) A statement to be used by opioid treatment facilities that:
  - (i) acknowledges that the patient will be driven from the facility by another responsible person after receiving opioid treatment medications; and
  - (ii) is signed by the patient and person who will drive the patient at the time the patient arrives to receive opioid treatment medications.".

Page 6, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 16. IC 12-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,

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2008]:

#### ARTICLE 31. UMBILICAL CORD BLOOD

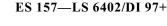
Chapter 1. Public Umbilical Cord Blood Bank

- Sec. 1. As used in this article, "nonprofit corporation" refers to the Indiana nonprofit corporation formed by the office of the secretary under section 3 of this chapter to establish and operate a public umbilical cord blood bank.
- Sec. 2. As used in this article, "postnatal donation" means any of the following donations by a patient to the public umbilical cord blood bank:
  - (1) Postnatal fluid, including umbilical cord blood.
  - (2) Postnatal tissue, including the placenta and tissue extracted from an umbilical cord.
- Sec. 3. (a) The office of the secretary shall form a nonprofit corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.
- (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.
- Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation consists of the following:
  - (1) The state health commissioner or the commissioner's designee.
  - (2) The secretary or the secretary's designee.
  - (3) The secretary of commerce appointed under IC 5-28-3-4 or the secretary's designee.
  - (4) The director of the state department of health's office of minority health.
  - (5) The following individuals appointed by the governor:
    - (A) One (1) president or chief executive officer of an Indiana based hospital.
    - (B) One (1) research scientist with expertise in umbilical cord blood research.
    - (C) One (1) ethicist with expertise in bioethics.
    - (D) One (1) physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 who specializes in birthing and delivery.
    - (E) One (1) representative of a donor umbilical cord blood bank facility.
    - (F) One (1) member of the interagency state council on black and minority health established under IC 16-46-6.











- (b) The board of directors shall appoint an advisory board. At least fifty-one percent (51%) of the advisory board members must be research scientists with expertise in stem cell research.
- (c) The advisory board, using criteria established by the board of directors, is responsible for reviewing applications from research scientists, research institutions, and other persons interested in receiving a postnatal donation that is ineligible for transplant use from the public umbilical cord blood bank.
- (d) The board of directors may contract with a person to perform the management and administrative operations of the public umbilical cord blood bank. The person shall follow the federal Food and Drug Administration's current good tissue practices.
- (e) Subject to approval by the budget agency, the board of directors may, without the approval of the attorney general, employ legal counsel, technical experts, and other officers, agents, and employees that the board of directors considers necessary to carry out the efficient operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank.
- (f) The board of directors shall determine the terms and conditions of the participating agreement that is executed with each participating hospital.
  - Sec. 5. The nonprofit corporation shall do the following:
    - (1) Establish procedures and guidelines for collecting, maintaining, and receiving postnatal donations.
    - (2) Educate health care professionals about the procedures and requirements for collecting and maintaining postnatal donations following the birth of a newborn infant.
    - (3) Establish procedures concerning patient informed consent and privacy that are approved by an independent institutional review board selected by the board of directors.
- Sec. 6. (a) The nonprofit corporation shall accept postnatal donations at no charge or cost to the donor.
- (b) The nonprofit corporation may allow the following to use the postnatal donations:
  - (1) Transplant centers.
  - (2) Research centers approved by the nonprofit corporation that will use the postnatal donation to promote medical advances, life science research, or biotechnology research.
  - (3) Any other entity approved by the nonprofit corporation if the entity will use the postnatal donation to promote medical advances, life science research, or biotechnology research.











- (c) Any postnatal donations maintained by the public umbilical cord blood bank must be allocated as follows:
  - (1) Postnatal donations that are of transplantable quality according to the National Marrow Donor Program, the federal Food and Drug Administration's approved protocol, or other relevant national practice and quality standards must be allocated for medical transplants.
  - (2) Postnatal donations that do not meet the transplant quality standards referred to in subdivision (1) and that are suitable for research must be made available for scientific research or medical treatments that comply with relevant national practice and quality standards.
- (d) The nonprofit corporation shall acquire and maintain adequate liability insurance coverage.
- Sec. 7. The nonprofit corporation may maintain postnatal donations at no charge or cost to the donor.
- Sec. 8. The nonprofit corporation may award a grant to a person for work with postnatal donations.
- Sec. 9. The nonprofit corporation shall report annually to the health finance commission established by IC 2-5-23-3 concerning the following:
  - (1) The implementation of the umbilical cord blood bank.
  - (2) The number of postnatal donations used for transplants and the number of postnatal donations used for research.

Chapter 2. Umbilical Cord Blood Donation Initiative

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "initiative" refers to the umbilical cord blood donation initiative established under section 2 of this chapter.
- Sec. 2. The nonprofit corporation shall establish an umbilical cord blood donation initiative to promote public awareness concerning the following:
  - (1) A pregnant woman's option to make a postnatal donation upon the birth of a newborn infant.
  - (2) The medical benefits of postnatal tissue and postnatal fluids.
  - (3) The importance of donating umbilical cord blood to the public umbilical cord blood bank.
- Sec. 3. The nonprofit corporation may accept a grant from the federal government, money from the state government, and private contributions to establish and implement the initiative.
- Sec. 4. (a) The initiative must include the dissemination of written material that includes the following:







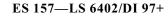
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- (1) Information concerning the option that is available to a pregnant woman to make a postnatal donation upon the birth of a newborn infant.
- (2) An explanation of the benefits of public umbilical cord blood banking.
- (3) The benefits of umbilical cord blood in accordance with the National Marrow Donor Program or another federal Food and Drug Administration approved protocol and the use of umbilical cord blood for medical treatment, including the following:
  - (A) A list of the diseases or conditions that have been treated through the use of umbilical cord blood.
  - (B) A list of the diseases or conditions for which scientific research indicates that treatment through the use of umbilical cord blood is promising.
- (4) Information on the public umbilical cord blood bank.
- (5) Information concerning the process by which postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid are collected and the steps that a pregnant woman must take before her child is born to arrange to have the postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid collected and donated.
- (b) The nonprofit corporation shall:
  - (1) update the material described in subsection (a); and
  - (2) distribute the material to the following persons that treat pregnant women:
    - (A) Physicians licensed under IC 25-22.5.
    - (B) Participating hospitals.
    - (C) Ambulatory surgical centers.
    - (D) Health clinics.
    - (E) Maternity homes registered under IC 16-26-1.
    - (F) Nurse midwives licensed under IC 25-23-1-13.1.
- Sec. 5. The nonprofit corporation shall develop a process for physicians, nurse midwives, birthing centers, and participating hospitals to inform eligible candidates of the opportunity to make postnatal donations to the public umbilical cord blood bank following delivery of a newborn infant.
- Sec. 6. The nonprofit corporation that establishes the initiative described in this chapter must meet all the requirements and responsibilities set forth in IC 23-17.
- Sec. 7. (a) Any intellectual property developed by the nonprofit corporation establishing the initiative under this chapter is the property of the nonprofit corporation. A donor must consent to











release to the public umbilical cord blood bank any property right related to the postnatal donation, including any claim of intellectual property rights derived from the postnatal donation.

(b) The entire right, title, and interest in and to any intellectual property derived from a postnatal donation transfers with the postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid after the postnatal donation is allocated by the public umbilical cord blood bank for research purposes.

SECTION 21. IC 16-18-2-36.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.96-2005, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 36.5. (a) "Birthing center", for purposes of IC 16-21-2 and IC 16-21-7.5, means a freestanding entity that has the sole purpose of delivering a normal or uncomplicated pregnancy.

(b) The term does not include a hospital that is licensed as a hospital under IC 16-21-2.

SECTION 22. IC 16-21-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]:

Chapter 7.5. Hospital and Birthing Center Requirement Regarding Umbilical Cord Blood Donation

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "postnatal donation" has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-2.
- Sec. 2. Before a hospital or birthing center participates in collecting donations for the public umbilical cord blood bank established under IC 12-31-1-3(a), the hospital or birthing center shall enter into a written agreement with the public umbilical cord blood bank establishing the:
  - (1) conditions of the hospital's or birthing center's participation; and
- (2) obligations of the hospital or birthing center; in the umbilical cord blood donation initiative established under IC 12-31-2-2.
- Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this chapter, a participating hospital or birthing center licensed under this article must offer a patient who delivers a newborn infant at the participating hospital or birthing center the option of making a postnatal donation following delivery of the newborn infant.
- (b) A patient may not be charged for the collection, storage, or donation to the public umbilical cord blood bank established under IC 12-31-1-3(a).
- Sec. 4. (a) A participating hospital or birthing center is not required to collect a postnatal donation if either of the following

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applies:

- (1) In the professional judgment of a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 or a nurse midwife licensed under IC 25-23-1-13.1, the collection would threaten the health of the mother or the infant.
- (2) The postnatal donation is contrary to the moral principles or beliefs of the religious denomination with which the participating hospital or birthing center is affiliated.
- (b) An employee of a participating hospital or birthing center is not required to collect a postnatal donation if the postnatal donation is contrary to the religious principles or beliefs of the employee.
- Sec. 5. A participating hospital or birthing center shall cooperate with the nonprofit corporation (as defined in IC 12-31-1-1) in accomplishing the public health goal of maximizing postnatal donations.
- Sec. 6. A hospital or birthing center is not required to enter into an agreement with the public umbilical cord blood bank and may enter into contracts concerning postnatal tissue and postnatal fluids with any person."

Page 6, after line 12, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 27. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) The office of the secretary of family and social services shall adopt the rules required by IC 12-31-1-3(b), as added by this act, in the manner provided in IC 4-22-2-37.1. The office shall immediately begin the adoption of the rules and shall adopt the final rules before March 1, 2009.

(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2009.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 157 as printed January 25, 2008.)

BROWN C, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.









